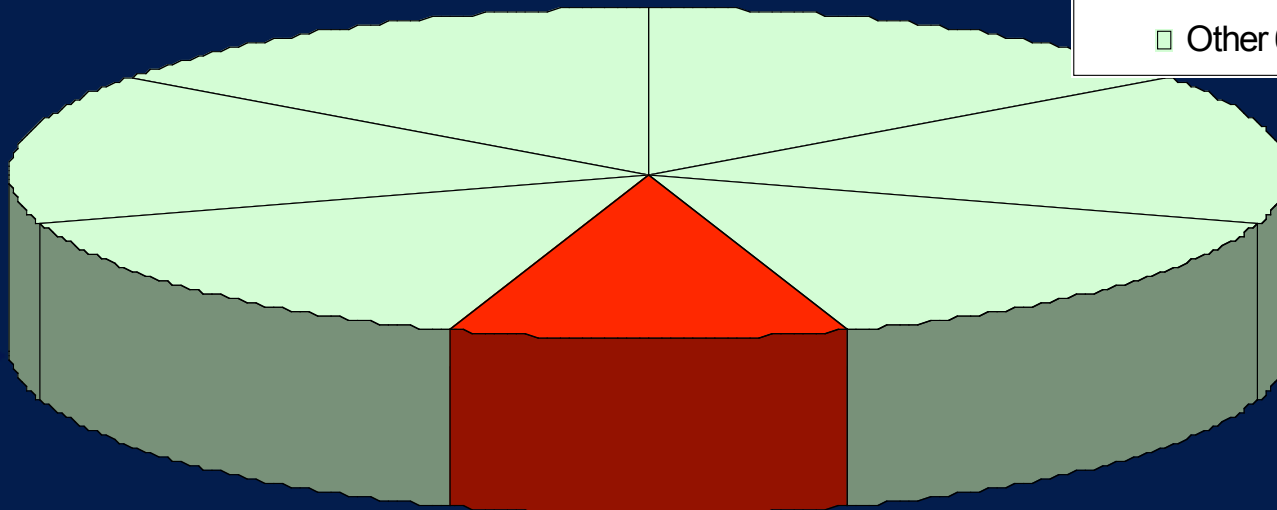


The Global HIV/AIDS Research Agenda



- Other 1
- Other 2
- Other 3
- Procurring Drugs
- Other 4
- Other 5
- Other 6



Restating the problem



	Treatment			Prevention: pMTCT, PREP, PEP		
	Product specific	Strategy & Optimization	Operational	Product specific	Strategy & Optimization	Operational
Cost						
on study post study						
Ethics						
Policy						
Regulatory						
Logistics						

Main areas of operational research

- ⌘ Needs assessment.
- ⌘ Optimal models for delivery of care.
- ⌘ Drug procurement, delivery, distribution, and rational use of drugs.
- ⌘ Human resources, healthcare infrastructure, and administrative and management capacities.
- ⌘ Impact on the HIV -infected population and general population.
- ⌘ Microeconomic, macroeconomic, and societal impact on development.

Needed



- Clarity in policies
- Flexibility in policies
- Consistency/coordination across programs

Questions



- What are the roles and responsibilities of the public sector in assuring access to drugs for public sector funded research?
 - Under what circumstances?
 - What is needed to make this happen?
- What are the roles and responsibilities of industry in assuring access to drugs for public sector funded clinical research?

Questions -2



- What are the roles and responsibilities of global development and technical assistance programs in assuring that the research that will inform their programs is conducted?
- What are the roles and responsibilities of foundations?
- What are the respective and complimentary roles of the developing countries and developed countries?

Moving forward



- Ongoing discussion needed to work out the details of issues raised today
 - Role of the Forum for Collaborative HIV Research?
- Ongoing discussion leading to consensus guiding principles for synergistic and complementary responsibilities of key players
- Roundtable 2 and Roundtable 3