



# Introduction: Session 1

Characterizing Risk Factors for Severe COVID-19 to Inform  
Participant Eligibility Criteria for Enrollment

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# Underlying Medical Conditions Associated with Higher Risk

Including:

- Cancer, hematologic disorders and malignancies
- Chronic kidney disease
- Chronic lung diseases
- Down syndrome, dementia, neurodisability
- Primary immunodeficiencies
- Solid organ or blood stem cell transplantation
- Use of immunosuppressive medications

<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/clinical-care/underlyingconditions.html>



# CDC Data Sources

- Systematic Review
- Meta-Analyses
- Cohort Studies
- Case Series
- Case Control Studies
- Longitudinal Studies



# What has changed?

Overlapping factors:

- Vaccination
- Prior infection
- Variants



# Who is Currently "High Risk"?

NIH Tier	
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Immunocompromised individuals</b> not expected to mount an adequate immune response to COVID-19 vaccination or SARS-CoV-2 infection due to their underlying conditions, regardless of vaccine status (see Immunocompromising Conditions below); or</li><li>• <b>Unvaccinated individuals at the highest risk of severe disease</b> (anyone aged <math>\geq 75</math> years or anyone aged <math>\geq 65</math> years with additional risk factors).</li></ul>
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Unvaccinated individuals not included in Tier 1</b> who are at risk of severe disease (anyone aged <math>\geq 65</math> years or anyone aged <math>&lt; 65</math> years with clinical risk factors)</li></ul>
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Vaccinated individuals at risk of severe disease</b> (anyone aged <math>\geq 65</math> years or anyone aged <math>&lt; 65</math> years with clinical risk factors)</li></ul>

<https://www.covid19treatmentguidelines.nih.gov/overview/prioritization-of-therapeutics/>



# Goals

- Redefine eligible patient populations based on baseline factors or underlying medical conditions to inform trial design (placebo-controlled versus placebo controlled with add-on to SOC).

For example:

- Define subgroups of NIH Tier 2 and 3 that may be appropriate for placebo-controlled trials based on specific risk factors or underlying medical conditions.

Author	Publication Source	Date Published	Study Start	Study End	Pre/Post-Omicron	Study type	Data source
Adeji et al.	MMWR	Sep-22	Apr-20	Jun-22	Pre and Post Omicron	Cross-sectional study	Premier (PHD-SR)
Andreano et al.	Epidemiol Prev	Jan-21	Apr-20	Apr-20	Pre-Omicron	Retrospective cohort	Public databases
Arbel et al.	N Engl J Med	Sep-22	Jan-22	Mar-22	Pre and Post Omicron	Retrospective cohort	EHR
Bierle et al. (MASS score)	J Prim Care Community Health	May-21	Nov-20	Dec-20	Pre-Omicron	Observational cohort	EHR
Bierle et al. (MASS score)	J Infect Dis	Feb-22	Jul-21	Sep-21	Pre-Omicron	Observational cohort	EHR
Bohrmann et al.	JAMA	May-23	Jan-06	Feb-21	Pre and Early Omicron	Prospective cohort	UK Biobank
Bramante et al. (COVID-OUT)	N Engl J Med	Aug-22	Dec-20	Jan-22	Pre and Post Omicron	Decentralized, DB, PC, RCT	Placebo and failed arms
Butler et al. (PANORAMIC)	Lancet	Dec-22	Dec-21	Apr-22	Post-Omicron	Open-label, platform, RCT	Placebo arm
Leung et al.	Emerg Infect Dis	Jan-23	Mar-20	Nov-21	Pre and Post Omicron	Retrospective cohort	Public databases
Ebell et al. (LOCH risk score)	J Am Board Fam Med	Sep-22	Mar-20	Sep-21	Pre and Post Omicron	Systematic review	EHR
Ganesh et al. (MASS score)	J Infect Dis	Oct-21	Nov-20	Feb-21	Pre-Omicron	Observational cohort	EHR
Han et al.	Br J Haematol	Aug-22	Jan-21	Dec-21	Post-Omicron	Retrospective cohort	EHR
Havers et al.	JAMA Intern Med	Sep-22	Jan-21	Apr-22	Pre and Post Omicron	Cross-sectional study	COVID-NET
Johnson et al. (MASS score)	Mayo Clin Proc Inn Qual Out	Apr-23	Nov-20	Jun-22	Pre and Post Omicron	Retrospective cohort	EHR
Kompaniyets et al.	Prev Chronic Dis	Jul-21	Apr-20	Mar-21	Pre-Omicron	Cross-sectional study	Premier (PHD-SR)
Kojima et al.	Clin Infect Dis	May-23	Mar-21	Aug-22	Post-Omicron	Prospective cohort	IVY Network
Link-Gelles et al.	MMWR	Nov-22	Sep-22	Nov-22	Post-Omicron	Observational cohort	ICATT
Morello et al. (4CMS)	Minerva	Dec-22	Apr-20	Jan-21	Pre and Early Omicron	Observational cohort	Medical records
Naggie et al. (ACTIV-6, HD IVM)	JAMA	Feb-23	Feb-22	Jul-22	Post-Omicron	Decentralized, DB, PC, RCT	Placebo and failed arms
Nyberg et al.	Lancet	Mar-22	Nov-21	Jan-22	Delta and Omicron	Retrospective cohort	UKHSA linked to vaccine status
Pisaturo	Front Aging Neurosci	Jun-21	Feb-20	Jan-21	Pre-Omicron	Observational case-control	
Quanjel et al.	Nature Machine Intelligence	May-20	May-22	May-22	Pre-Omicron	Retrospective cohort	Medical records
Skarbinski et al.	Lancet	Jun-22	Jul-21	Jan-22	Delta and Omicron	Retrospective cohort	EHR (Kaiser Permanente Northern California KPNC)
Yan et al.	Nature Machine Intelligence	May-20	Jan-20	Feb-20	Pre-Omicron	Observational cohort	Medical records
Yek et al.	MMWR	Jan-22	Dec-20	Oct-21	Pre-Omicron	Retrospective cohort?	Premier (PHD-SR)

## Mild-moderate COVID-19

**Age ≥75 years OR  
Severe immunocompromise**  
(at least one of the following)?\*

**\*Regardless of vaccination status or prior COVID-19**

- CAR-T cell therapy, HCST, SOT, or receipt of transplant-related immunosuppressive drugs within 2 years
- Hematologic malignancy, myeloma, or related disorder (e.g., myelodysplastic syndrome, myelofibrosis)
- Chemotherapy or radiotherapy for solid organ cancer in last 12 months
- High-dose steroids (i.e., equivalent of ≥20 mg prednisone for ≥14 days)
- Immunomodulators, including alkylating agents, antimetabolites, anti-TNF or anti-CD20 drugs (e.g., 6MP, AZA, MMF, MTX, rituximab, infliximab, ustekinumab)
- HIV w/ CD4 <200
- Primary immunodeficiency (e.g., DiGeorge, Wiskott-Alrich, SCID, CVID)
- Sickle cell disease
- Chronic liver disease (e.g., Child-Pugh Class A, B or C cirrhosis)
- Down syndrome
- Dementia or neurocognitive disability (e.g., Parkinson's disease)

Yes

### Highest risk

(≥~1% risk of progression to severe COVID-19 or death)

Add-on placebo-controlled trial:  
Study drug + SOC vs placebo + SOC

No

## Approach for Discussion: Determine Eligibility for Enrollment in Outpatient COVID-19 Trials

**Three or more** of the following conditions:

- No prior COVID-19, completion of vaccine series, or booster within last 6 months
- Age 65-74 years
- BMI ≥35 (or >95th percentile in adolescents)
- Type 1 or type 2 diabetes mellitus
- Cardiovascular disease (including HTN if age >55)
- Chronic lung disease (including bronchiectasis, CF, COPD, ILD, PHTN, PE, moderate-to-severe asthma)
- Chronic kidney disease (eGFR <30)

Yes

No

**Two conditions?**

Yes

### "Intermediate" risk

(~0.5 to <1% risk)

Placebo-controlled trial:  
Study drug vs placebo

No

**One condition or none?**

Yes

### Standard risk

(<~0.5% risk)

Placebo-controlled trial:  
Study drug vs placebo