

REVIEW OF STATISTICAL AND EPIDEMIOLOGICAL APPROACHES TO ASSESSING CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE RISK USING OBSERVATIONAL COHORT DATA, RANDOMIZED CLINICAL TRIALS AND METAANALYSES

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Research



FORUM MISSION

• The Forum for Collaborative HIV Research is a public/private partnership including government agencies, industry, HIV researchers and clinicians, payors, foundations and the HIV patient advocacy community.

Our mission is to facilitate and enhance HIV research.



CARDIOVASCULAR RISK IN HIV INFECTION & TREATMENT 2010

- A series of Forum roundtables addressing:
 - Statistical issues
 - Biologic mechanisms
 - Clinical impact
- Public workshop
- Satellite symposium @ International AIDS Conference in Vienna



OBJECTIVES FOR RT #1

- Review statistical analyses that have been performed,
- Discuss potential gaps that exist
- Discuss whether (and how) these gaps could be addressed with additional data analyses based on observational cohorts and randomized clinical trials



PROJECT STEERING COMMITTEE

- Kendall Markus (FDA) (Co-chair RT#1)
- Judy Aberg (FCHR EC)
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- Amy Keller (FCHR)
- Veronica Miller (FCHR)
- Neil Poulter
- Peter Reiss
- Heather Ribaudo (ACTG)
- Caroline Sabin
- Neil Shortman (HAART Oversight Committee)
- Jur Strobos (FCHR)
- Jeff Taylor
- Russ Tracy



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enhancing & facilitating HIV research

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- HAART Oversight Committee
- Pfizer
- Tibotec
- ViiV

SEVEN QUESTIONS

- Is it possible to define a level of certainty from observational studies that more closely approaches results from randomized clinical trials and which could more readily support regulatory actions, such as a label change, population restriction or removal of a product from the market?
- Are there certain methodologies that should be required in the evaluation of observational data?
- Should findings be robust to evaluation using different methodologies?
- How should inconsistencies between different studies impact interpretation of study findings?
- Can a magnitude of effect be defined such that we could be reasonably certain that findings are real?
- Is there a threshold of missing data above which study findings should be considered exploratory only?
- Should we require that analyses be independently verified?