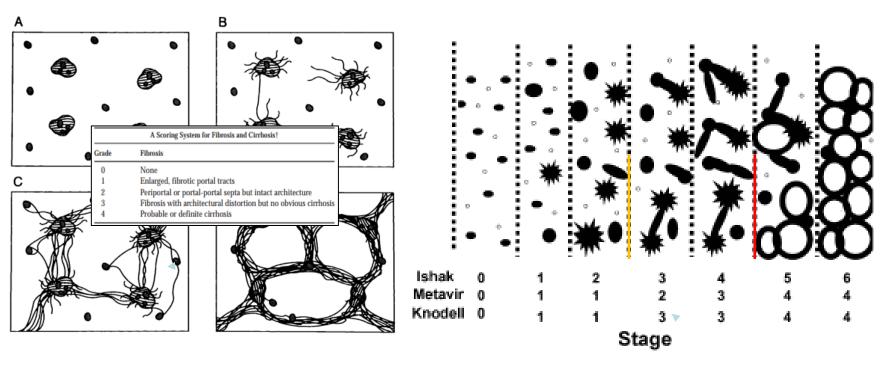
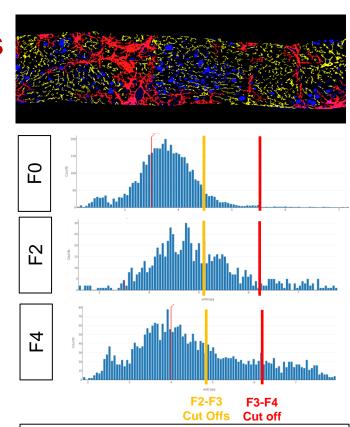
FibroNest Engine

37 phenotypic traits, each quantified in 7 statistical dimensions





Each histogram describes 1 biopsy, 1 trait

FibroNest is based on the hypothesis that fibrosis expresses multiple and different histology phenotypes

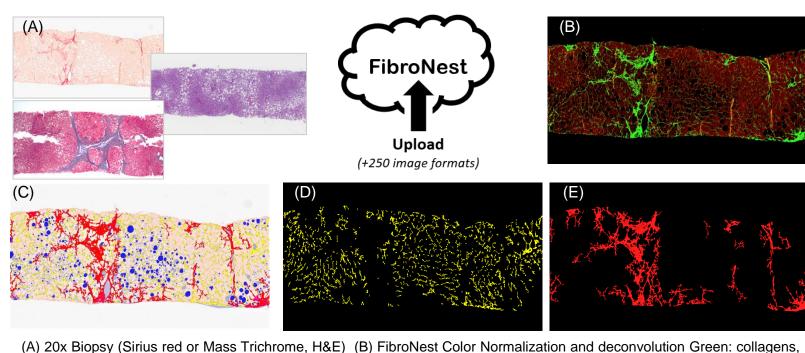
We quantify them across 3 phenotypic dimensions with Signal-to-Noise >100

Batts KP, Ludwig J. Chronic hepatitis. An update on terminology and reporting. Am J Surg Pathol 1995;19:1409-1417

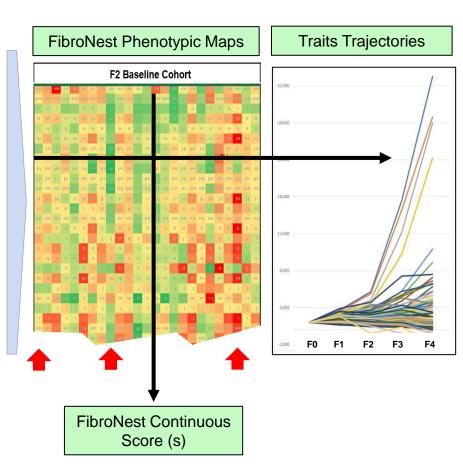
Grading and staging systems for inflammation and fibrosis in chronic liver diseases, Zachary D. Goodman* Journal of Hepatology 47 (2007) 598–607

FibroNest Workflow

Delivered Worldwide via the cloud



(A) 20x Biopsy (Sirius red or Mass Trichrome, H&E) (B) FibroNest Color Normalization and deconvolution Green: collagens, Red: tissue (C) Augmented visualization of the Digital Image (aid to adjudication) - FibroNest quantification Red: assembled collagen, Yellow: interstitial collagen, Blue: steatosis (D) Yellow: interstitial collagen alone (E) Red: assembled collagen. The coalescence of interstitial collagen (yellow) into assembled collagen (Red) is a marker of fibrosis progression.



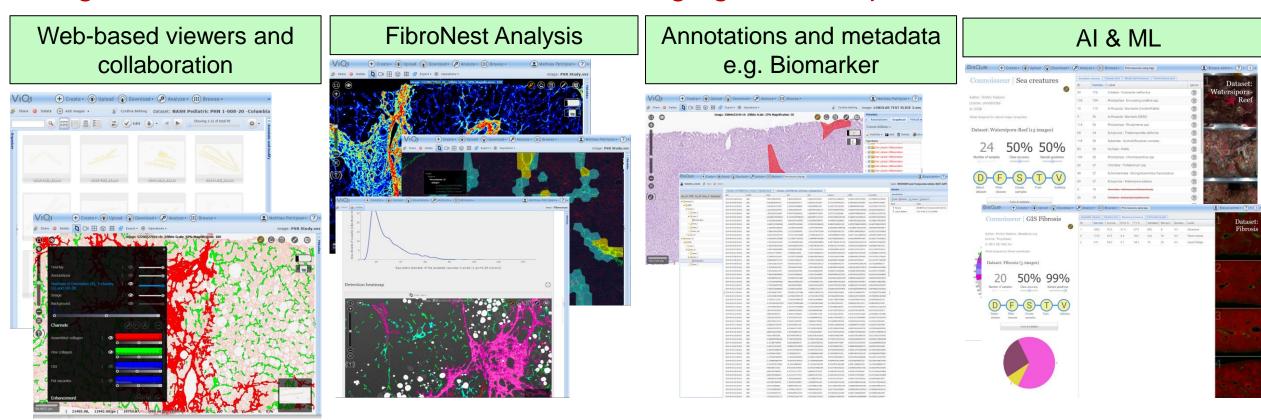
"Non-invasive Workflow"

Once Calibrated, the FibroNest Phenotypic Assay is "Frozen" and kept constant for every model



PharmaNest – ViQi Platform

Using Next Generation of Cloud-based Bioimaging and Computation Infrastructures



Unlimited Computing Power applied to Fibrosis, Disease Activity and NASH Challenges

Designed to enable Pathomic Fusion

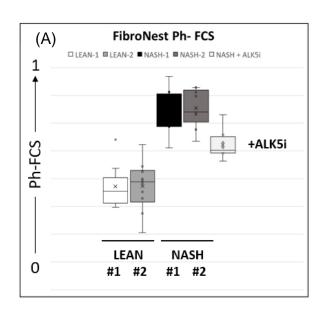
Is FibroNest Validated to quantify NASH Severity and Drug Response?

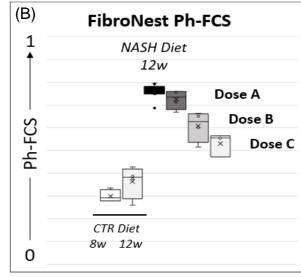
NASH Spheroids

Rodent Fibrosis & NASH

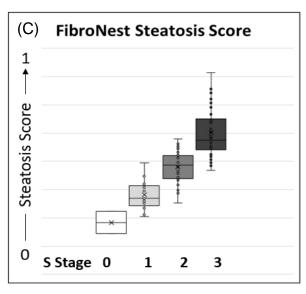
Pediatric NASH

Adult NASH

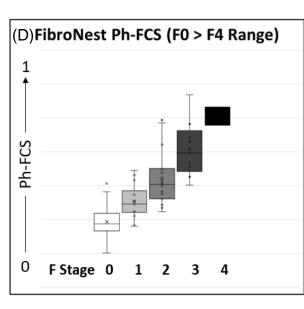




FibroNest is validated on +20 Animal Models Including several KO models



FibroNest Classifies NASH-1 vs NASH-2 patients based on their Fibrosis Phenotype (E) and Correlates with NASH-CRN stages (F)



FibroNest can calculate Specific scores to better resolve F2<>F3 if and F3<>F4 if needed

"Disease Activity" Quantification (inc. Tissue & Lobular Inflammation, Hep. Ballooning) in Q1 - 2021

(A) Novel phenotypic image analysis of 3D NASH model generate quantitative and continuous scores for the evaluation of fibrosis in vitro. Mathieu M. Petitjean1, Radina Kostadinova2, Li Chen1, Simon Ströbel2, Eva Thoma2 (1) PharmaNest, Princeton, NJ, USA (2) InSphero AG, Schlieren, Switzerland (AASLD2020) (B) Automated Steatosis Morphometric Scores Benchmark the Pathology-Based Quantification of Steatosis in Pediatric NASH/NAFLD Populations. Zachary Pitkowsky 1, Li Chen 2, Elena Reynoso 1, Mathieu Petitjean 2, Cynthia Behling 3, Joel Lavine 1 - 1 Pediatric Gastroenterology, Hepatology & Nutrition, Columbia Vagelos College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, NY 2 - PharmaNest Princeton, NJ - 3 University of California, San Diego, NAFLD Research Center, Division of Gastroenterology. (AASLD 2019) (D) Evaluation of a novel histology-based fibrosis phenotypic composite score and its correlation with NASH-CRN Fibrosis scores in patients with NASH. Li Chen (1), Michael Lung (2), Cynthia Behling (2), Arun Sanyal (3), Mathieu Petitjean (1). 1 - PharmaNest, Princeton, NJ, USA; 2- University of California, San Diego, NAFLD Research Center, Division of Gastroenterology. 3-Virginia Commonwealth University, Richmond, VA, USA. (EASL2020) (E) Automated Morphometric Fibrosis Phenotyping of NAFLD Biopsies Digital Images Helps Classify NASH-Type 1 in Early Fibrosis Pediatric Patients. Mathieu Petitjean 1, Li Chen 1, Elena Reynoso 2, Cynthia Behling 3, Joel E. Lavine 2. - 1 PharmaNest Princeton, NJ - 2 Pediatric Gastroenterology, Hepatology & Nutrition, Columbia Vagelos College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, NY - 3 University of California, San Diego, NAFLD Research Center, Division of Gastroenterology. Poster presentation at AASLD 2019.

FibroNest @ Clinical Studies

Noise and Controls

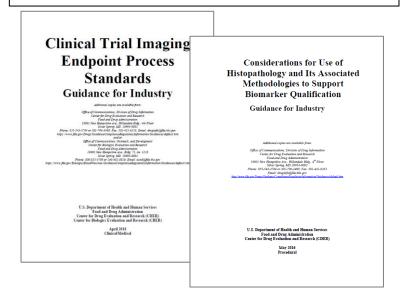
Inspired From.....

The Journal of Pathology: Clinical Research

J Pathol Olin Res; April 2019; 5: 91–99

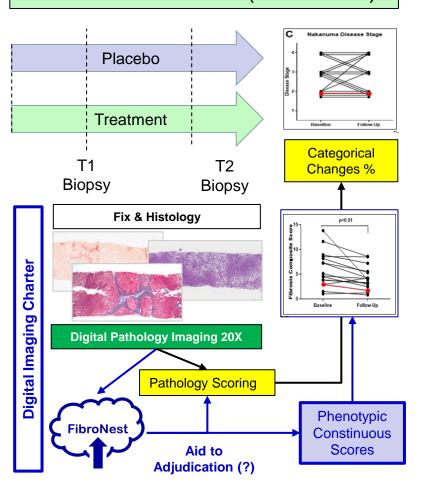
Published online 29 November 2018 in Wiley Online Library
(wileyonlinelibrary.com). DOI: 10.1000/kjp2.121

Quality assurance guidance for scoring and reporting for
pathologists and laboratories undertaking clinical trial work



FibroNest Digital Pathology Imaging Charter

FibroNest Workflow (same slide)



Images & Data

Secure: Attack Vulnerability Audits Passed

Dual Site Back Up of data "As Generated"

Full Audit Trail

Raw Data (~8000 features per biopsy) stored as long as needed

Analyses images available to clients and their pathologists

Ready for Pathomic Fusion

FibroNest benefits (Today)

Translate Fibrosis and associated features knowledge from Discovery to the clinic, and across organs.

Quantify fibrosis when no quantification system exist

Aid Pathologists in the assessment of "grey zone stages" and reduce the variability of Gold Standard

Resolve subtitle changes in Fibrosis and Disease Activity

Support the development of novel NIT

Areas of Industry & Regulatory Discussion / Innovation (SIG?)

NASH Clinical Trial NASH Digital Pathology Endpoint process Standards – Guidance?

Adequate Digital Liver Biopsy?

Should "Robotic Pathology" participate in the Adjudication process for the Gold Standard?