

#### Intersection of Steatotic Liver Disease (SLD) and Alcoholrelated Liver Disease (ALD)- Met-ALD *Nikhil Vergis MA, MRCP, PhD* Director of Clinical Development, GSK Hepatologist St Mary's Hospital, Imperial NHS Trust Honorary Clinical Senior Lecturer, Imperial College London

### Steatotic Liver Disease

Overarching term for the various aetiologies of steatosis

- Steatohepatitis continues to describe fatty inflammation in the liver
- The spectrum with respect to alcohol consumption is now:

# Steatotic Liver Disease (SLD)

MASH\* Women: 0-20g/day Men: 0-30g/day

Met-ALD Women: 20-50g/day Men: 30-60g/day ALD Women: >50g/day Men: >60g/day

### Stigma and inclusion

Progress in the stigma associated with obesity has not been matched with progress in the stigma associated with alcohol drinking

- >1/3 US population has NAFLD; 2/3 US population drink alcohol\*
- FDA encourages inclusion of participants in clinical trials "that better reflect the population most likely to use the drug if the drug gets approved" <u>Enhancing the Diversity of Clinical Trial Populations — Eligibility Criteria,</u> <u>Enrollment Practices, and Trial Designs Guidance for Industry | FDA</u>
- Covert alcohol consumption is a risk to drug efficacy in NASH/MASH RCTs

\*Williams 2011; Saad GALLUP well-being website; Browning 2004

# Implications for clinical trial design

Key determinants are the clinical event rate of the subpopulation and/or the availability/variability of a surrogate biomarker that has been agreed by regulatory agencies

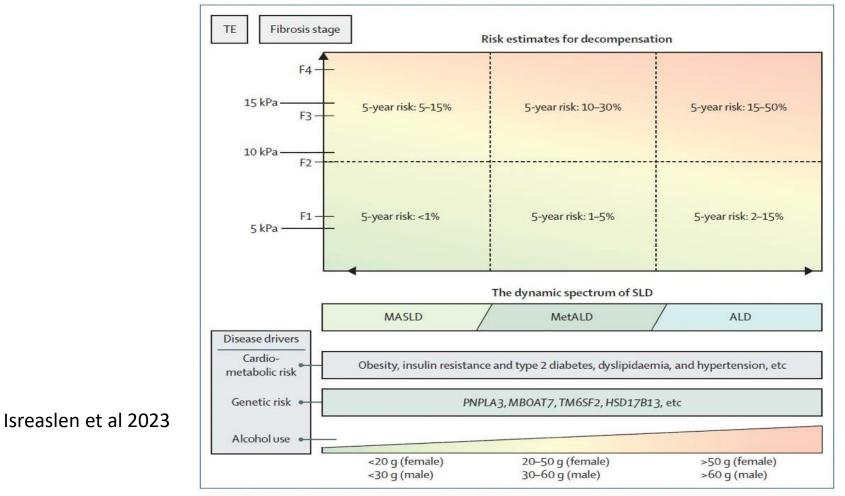


Figure: The dynamic spectrum of steatotic liver disease

### Questions remain for drug development in Met-ALD The unmet need and potential treatment benefit are commensurate with the work required

- Are the regulatory agencies aligned with the new definitions?
- Is there a need for new surrogate endpoints in Met-ALD?
- Documentation of clinical event rates (including placebo response rates) in various subpopulations within a clinical trial setting
- Prediction of alcohol drinking
- Reliability of self-reporting and/or biomarker quantification of alcohol drinking
- Quantification of metabolic co-morbidity
- Statistical analyses
- Dual effects of drug on liver and consumption of calories/ethanol
- Concomitant alcohol use disorder therapy.

## Liver Forum Met-ALD Working Group

#### Assemble experts in:

- MASH
- Cirrhosis
- Alcohol liver disease
- Alcohol use disorder
- Metabolic disorders
- Clinical trial design
- Statistics/analytics
- Patient reported outcomes

#### From:

- Academia, clinical research
- Industry
  - Pharmaceutical
  - Diagnostic
- Regulatory agencies
- Other government agencies
  - E.g. NIH
- Patient representatives
- Foundations/societies



- Leadership
  - Academic, Industry co-chairs
- Working group
  - Ensure diverse representation
- Convening
  - Prioritize questions
  - Deliberate
    - And again
  - White paper